- In no event shall this act be in force after December 31, 1938. 1 SEC. 3.
- This act being adopted to meet an emergency through police

- power of the state and being deemed of immediate importance shall be in full force and effect after its passage and publication in the Mount Pleasant Free Press and the Des Moines Register, newspapers published at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, and Des Moines, Iowa, respectively.

Senate File 227. Approved May 14, 1935.

I hereby certify that the foregoing was published in the Mount Pleasant Free Press, May 23, 1935, and the Des Moines American Citizen, May 24, 1935.

MRS. ALEX MILLER, Secretary of State.

Note: The Des Moines American Citizen substituted for the Des Moines Register in accordance with section 55, code, 1931.

### CHAPTER 94

#### COOPERATIVE CORPORATIONS

#### S. F. 113

AN ACT to revise and modernize the laws relating to cooperative corporations with and without capital stock; to define such corporations, and other terms; to provide for the incorporation, regulation, renewal, dissolution and internal affairs of such for the incorporation, regulation, renewal, dissolution and internal affairs of such corporations; to define their necessary and permissible powers and activities; to provide for classes of stockholders and the rights, privileges, duties and obligations of stockholders and members; to exempt certain cooperative securities from the Iowa securities act; to permit marketing contracts and provide remedies thereon; to require certain fees, reports and penalties; to regulate the use of the word "cooperative"; to extend the act to certain existing cooperatives; to permit the admission of foreign cooperatives; to limit the application of chapters three hundred eighty-nine (389) and three hundred ninety (390) of the 1931 code of Iowa, and for other related purposes. for other related purposes.

## Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. This act applies only to cooperative associations as defined in section two (2) hereof. All such associations hereafter formed 2 3 must be organized under this act.
  - SEC. 2. a. A "cooperative association" is one which, in serving some purpose enumerated in section six (6) hereof, deals with or functions for its members at least to the extent required by section three (3), and which distributes its net earnings among its members in proportion to their dealings with it, except for limited dividends or other items permitted in this act; and in which each voting member has one vote
    - b. "Association" means a corporation formed under this act.

- c. "Agricultural products" include horticultural, viticultural, forest-9 ry, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee and any other farm products. 10
- d. "Agricultural associations" are those formed for a purpose speci-11 12 fied in subsection b, section six (6).
- 13 e. "Member" refers not only to members of nonstock associations but also to common stockholders of stock associations, unless the con-15 text of a particular provision otherwise indicates.
  - SEC. 3. Dealing with non-members. a. A nonstock livestock shipping association shall not handle livestock of any non-members.
- 3 b. Any association may limit its dealings or any class thereof to members only.

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- c. No association shall, during any year, deal or function with or for non-members to an extent exceeding one half of the value of business done. This provision shall not apply to its sales or services to municipal or governmental bodies; nor to agricultural associations' purchases from or sales to corporate landowners who are not primarily engaged in the business of farming.
- SEC. 4. Use of term cooperative restricted. No person or firm, and no corporation hereafter organized, which is not an association defined herein, shall use the word "cooperative" or any abbreviation thereof in its name or advertising or in any connection with its business, except foreign associations admitted under section fifty-four (54). The attorney general or any association or any member thereof may sue and 7 enjoin such use.
- SEC. 5. Five or more individuals, or two or more associations, may 2 organize an association. All individual incorporators of agricultural 3 associations must be engaged in producing agricultural products, which 4 term shall include landlords and tenants as specified in section thirteen 5 (13) hereof.

Associations may be formed either: SEC. 6.

- a. To conduct a mercantile, manufacturing, mechanical or mining business, or to construct or operate telephone or electric transmission lines; or
- b. To produce, grade, blend, preserve, process, store, warehouse, market, sell or handle any agricultural product, or any by-product thereof; or to purchase, produce, sell or supply machinery, petroleum products, equipment, fertilizer, supplies, business or educational service to or for those engaged as bona fide producers of agricultural products; or to finance any such activities; or to engage in any cooperative activity connected with any of said purposes; or for any number of these purposes.
- SEC. 7. Except as expressly limited in its articles, each association shall have power to do anything permitted anywhere in this act, and
- a. To conduct any business enumerated in section six (6) hereof which its articles specify; and to conduct such business either as principal or as agent for its members.
- b. To borrow any amounts of money, and give any form of obligation or security therefor.
- c. To make advances to patrons or members, or members of memberassociations, and take any form of obligation or security therefor. To acquire, hold, transfer or pledge any obligation or security representing funds actually advanced or used for any cooperative activity; or stock, memberships, bonds or obligations of any cooperative organization dealing in any product handled by the association, or any by-product thereof; to make any contract, endorsement or guaranty it deems desirable incident to its transfer or pledge of any obligation or security. No association organized under this act shall engage in the business of banking. Provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be construed in any way to repeal or change chapter four hundred fifteen-B one, (415-B1), code, 1931, relating to cooperative banks.

- d. To acquire, own or dispose of any real or personal property deemed convenient for its business, including patents, trademarks and copy-22 23 rights.
  - e. To exercise any power, right or privilege suitable or necessary for, or incident to, promoting or accomplishing any of its powers, purposes or activities, or granted to ordinary corporations, save such as are inconsistent with this act.
    - f. To exercise any of its powers anywhere.

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- An agricultural association may contract with any member for his exclusive sale to or through it, of all or any part of his agricultural products or other designated commodities. Such contracts may permit the association to take and sell the property without acquiring title thereto, and pay the member the sale price less costs and expenses of selling, which may include the member's prorata portion of the association's annual outlay for overhead, interest, preferred dividends, reserves or other specified charges. Such contracts must be for a specified time, not less than one year. Each contract shall fix a period of at least ten days during each year after the first, within which either party may terminate it without affecting any liability previously accrued.
- SEC. 9. a. Contracts permitted by section eight (8) may provide that the member pay the association any sum, fixed in amount or by a specified method of computation, for each violation thereof; also all the association's expenses of any suit thereon, including bond premiums and attorney's fees. All such provisions shall be enforced as written, whether at law or in equity, and shall be deemed proper measurement of actual damages, and not penalties or forfeitures.

b. The association may obtain specific performance of any such contract, or enjoin its threatened or continued breach, despite the adequacy of any legal or other remedy.

c. If the association files a verified petition, showing an actual or threatened breach of any such contract and seeking any remedy therefor, the court or any judge thereof shall, without notice or delay but on such bond as it deems proper, issue a temporary injunction against such breach or its continuance.

- d. The parties to such contracts may agree to arbitrate any controversy subsequently arising thereunder, and fix the number of arbitrators and method of their appointment. Such agreements shall be valid and irrevocable, except on such grounds as invalidate contracts gener-If they specify no method for appointing arbitrators, or if either party fails to follow such method, or if for any reason arbitrators are not named or vacancies filled, either party may apply to the district court to designate the necessary arbitrator, who shall then act under the agreement with the same authority as if named in it. Unless otherwise agreed, there shall be but one arbitrator.
- Any association may make any agreement or arrangement SEC. 10. with any other association or cooperative organization for the coop-3 erative or more economical carrying on of any of its business. Any number of such associations or organizations may unite to employ or use, or may separately employ or use, the same methods, means or agencies for conducting their respective businesses.

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- SEC. 11. No association, contract, method or act which complies with this act shall be deemed a conspiracy or combination in restraint of trade or an illegal monopoly, or an attempt to lessen business or fix prices arbitrarily, or to accomplish any improper or illegal purpose.
- 1 SEC. 12. The private property of the members or stockholders 2 shall be exempt from execution for the debts of the corporation.
  - SEC. 13. No membership or share of common stock shall ever be issued to, or held by, any party not eligible to membership in the association under its articles. Individuals may be made eligible only if they are engaged in producing products marketed by the association, or if they customarily consume or use the supplies or commodities it handles, or use the services it renders. Farm tenants, and landlords who receive a share of agricultural products as rent, may be made eligible to membership in agricultural associations as producers. Other associations engaged in any directly or indirectly related activity may be made eligible to membership. Federated associations may be formed whose membership is restricted to cooperative associations.
  - SEC. 14. Membership in nonstock associations. Membership in associations without capital stock may be acquired by eligible parties in the manner provided in the articles, which shall specify the rights of members, the issuing price of memberships, and what, if any, fixed dividends accrue thereon. If the articles so provide, membership shall be of two classes, voting and non-voting. Voting members shall be agricultural producers, and all other members shall be non-voting members. Non-voting members shall have all the rights of membership except the right to vote.
- SEC. 15. Contents of certificates. The association shall issue certificates of membership or stock, each of which state the fixed dividend, if any, and the restrictions or limitations upon its ownership, voting, transfer, redemption or cancellation.
  - SEC. 16. Subscriptions—Issuing certificates. If the articles permit, any eligible subscriber for common stock or membership may vote and be treated as a member, after making part payment therefor in cash and giving his note for the balance. Such subscriptions may be forfeited as provided in section thirty-two (32). No stock or membership certificate shall be issued until fully paid for. No subscriber shall hold office until his certificate has been issued.
  - SEC. 17. Transfer of stock or membership. No common stock shall be transferable, unless the articles expressly provide for transfer to others eligible for membership. Such provision may require that the transfer be preceded by an offer to the association, or be otherwise restricted. No nonstock membership shall be transferable, and all certificates thereof shall be surrendered to the association on the member's voluntary withdrawal.
  - SEC. 18. Expulsion of members. The directors may expel any member if he has attempted to transfer his membership or stock in violation of its terms, or has wilfully violated any article or by-law which provides for such penalty.

- SEC. 19. Cancellation of membership or stock. If a common stock-holder or member dies, or becomes ineligible, or is expelled, his stock or membership shall forthwith be canceled. In cases of expulsion the association shall pay him its value as shown by the books on the date of cancellation, but not more than its original issuing price, within sixty days thereafter. In cases of death or ineligibility, it shall pay such value to him or his personal representative within two years thereafter, without interest.
- SEC. 20. Withdrawal of members. The articles may permit and regulate voluntary withdrawal of members and the resulting cancellation of their common stock and memberships.
  - SEC. 21. Obligations not affected. The death, expulsion or withdrawal of a member shall not impair his contracts, debts, or obligations to the association.

- SEC. 22. Capital stock. Associations with capital stock may divide the shares into common and preferred stock. Par value stock shall not be issued for less than par. The general corporation laws shall govern the consideration for which no-par stock is issued. If the articles so provide, common stock may be issued in two classes, voting and non-voting. Voting stock shall be issued to all agricultural producers and non-voting stock to all other members. Non-voting stock shall have all privileges of membership except the right to vote. Preferred stock held by non-members shall not exceed in amount that held by members.
- SEC. 23. Dividends on common stock. Unless the articles provide that common stock shall receive no dividends, the directors may declare non-cumulative dividends thereon at such rate as they may fix, not exceeding eight (8) per cent per annum.
- SEC. 24. Preferred stock. Preferred stock shall bear cumulative or non-cumulative dividends as fixed by the articles, not exceeding eight (8) per cent per annum. It shall have no vote. It shall be issued and be transferable without regard to eligibility or membership, and be redeemable on terms specified in the articles. The directors shall determine the time and amount of its issue.
- SEC. 25. Issuing preferred stock in purchases. An association may discharge all or any part of obligations incurred in purchasing any business, property or stock, or an interest therein, by issuing its authorized preferred stock in an amount not exceeding the fair market value of the thing purchased. Issuance of such stock in an amount exceeding twenty-five thousand (25,000) dollars shall be governed by the law as found in sections eighty-four hundred thirteen (8413) and eighty-four hundred fourteen (8414), chapter three hundred eighty-six (386) of the 1931 code of Iowa. Issuance of such stock in amounts smaller than twenty-five thousand (25,000) dollars shall be upon the fair market value of the property purchased, as determined through an appraisal made by the directors or a competent appraiser employed by the directors. Within thirty days after such issue, the association shall file with the secretary of state a verified report containing an accurate detailed description of the thing purchased, the valuation thereof by the directors, and the amount of pre-

17 ferred stock thus issued. Such preferred stock shall be valid as though paid for in cash.

SEC. 26. Service charges. Unless the articles otherwise provide, the by-laws or the directors may prescribe charges to be made to each member for services rendered him or upon products bought from or sold to him, and the time and manner of their collection.

SEC. 27. Meetings. a. Regular meetings of members shall be held at least once each year, the first of which shall be on the date specified in its articles. Unless otherwise provided in the articles or by-laws, subsequent meetings shall be on the same date in each succeeding year.

b. Unless otherwise provided in the articles, the directors may call special meetings of members, and must do so upon written demand of twenty (20) per cent of the members.

c. Unless he waives it in writing, each member shall have ten days' written notice of the time and place of all meetings, and of the purpose of all special meetings. Such notice shall be given to him in person or by mail directed to his address as shown on the books of the association, or if the articles so provide, by publication in a regular publication of general circulation among its members, or a newspaper of general circulation published at the principal place of business of the association.

- SEC. 28. Number of votes. No member may own more than one membership or share of common stock. Each voting member shall be entitled to one vote and no more at all corporate meetings.
  - SEC. 29. Manner of voting. Votes shall be cast in person, and not by proxy. The vote of a member-association shall be cast only by its representative duly authorized in writing. If the articles or by-laws permit, an absent member may cast his signed written vote upon any proposition of which he has been previously notified in writing, and of which a copy accompanies his vote.
- SEC. 30. Distribution of earnings. The directors shall annually dispose of the earnings of the association in excess of its operating expenses as follows:

  a. To provide a reasonable reserve for depreciation, obsolescence.
  - a. To provide a reasonable reserve for depreciation, obsolescence, bad debts, or contingent losses or expenses.
  - b. At least ten (10) per cent of the remaining earnings must be added to surplus until surplus equals either (first) thirty (30) per cent of the total of all capital paid in for stock or memberships, plus all unpaid patronage dividends, plus certificates of indebtedness payable upon liquidation, or (second) one thousand (1,000) dollars, whichever is greater. No additions shall be made to surplus whenever it exceeds either fifty (50) per cent of such total, or one thousand (1,000) dollars, whichever is greater.
  - c. Not less than one (1) per cent nor more than five (5) per cent of such earnings in excess of reserves may be placed in an educational fund, to be used as the directors deem suitable for teaching or promoting cooperation.
  - d. After the foregoing, to pay fixed dividends on stock or memberships, if any.

- e. All remaining net earnings shall be allocated to a revolving fund and shall be credited to the account of each member, including subscribers described in section sixteen (16), ratably in proportion to the business he has done with the association during such year. Such credits are herein referred to as "deferred patronage dividends."
- SEC. 31. Control of allocation by members. The members may at any meeting control the amount to be allocated to surplus or educational fund, within the limits specified in section thirty (30), or the amount to be allocated to reserves.
- Sec. 32. Patronage dividends of subscribers. Patronage dividends to subscribers whose stock or membership is not fully paid in cash shall be applied toward such payment until it is completed. If the articles or by-laws so provide, subscriptions not fully paid within two years may be canceled and all payments or patronage dividends thereon forfeited.
- SEC. 33. Use of revolving fund. The directors may use the revolving fund to pay the obligations or add to the capital of the association or retire its preferred stock. In such event the deferred patronage dividends credited to members shall constitute a charge on the revolving fund and future additions thereto, and on the corporate assets, subordinate to creditors and preferred stockholders then or thereafter existing. Deferred patronage dividends for any year shall have priority over those for any subsequent year.
- SEC. 34. Patronage dividend certificates. If its articles or by-laws so provide, an association may issue transferable or nontransferable certificates for deferred patronage dividends.
- SEC. 35. Time of payment. Credits or certificates referred to in the last two sections shall not mature until the dissolution or liquidation of the association, but shall be callable by the association at any time in the order of priority specified in section thirty-three (33).

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- SEC. 36. Directors. a. The affairs of each association shall be managed by a board of not less than five directors, who must be members of the association or officers or members of a member-association. They shall be elected by the members as the articles prescribe.
- b. Unless the articles or by-laws otherwise provide, vacancies in the board shall be filled by the remaining directors, the director thus selected to serve for the remainder of the vacant term.
- c. The articles or by-laws may permit the directors to select an executive committee from their own number; and may prescribe its authority, which may be co-extensive with that of the whole board.
- d. Directors shall be elected by districts, if the articles specify the districts, the number of directors from each, the manner of nomination, redistricting or reapportionment, and whether directors shall be directly elected by the members or by delegates chosen by them. Districts shall be so formed and redistricting shall be ordered, from time to time, so that the districts contain as nearly as possible an equal number of members.
- 1 SEC. 37. Officers and employees. a. The directors shall select from 2 their own number a president, one or more vice presidents, a secretary-

treasurer or a secretary and a treasurer, and shall fill vacancies in such
offices. Unless the articles or by-laws otherwise provide, said officers
shall be chosen for annual terms at the close of the first regular meeting of members in each year.

b. The directors shall also choose and may remove such other officers and employees as they deem proper, or as the articles or by-laws may

prescribe.

- SEC. 38. Removal of officers and directors. At any meeting called for that purpose, any officer or director may be removed by vote of a majority of all voting members of the association. A director chosen under section thirty-six (36), paragraph d, may likewise be removed by vote of a majority of all members in his district.
- SEC. 39. Referendum. If provided for in the articles of incorporation, any action of directors shall, on demand of one third of the directors made and recorded at the same meeting, be referred to a regular or special meeting of members called for such purpose. Such action shall stand until and unless annulled by a majority of the votes cast at such meeting, which vote shall not impair rights of third parties previously acquired.
- SEC. 40. Articles. Articles of incorporation must be signed and acknowledged by each incorporator. They may deal with any fiscal or internal affair of the association or any subject hereof in any manner not inconsistent with this act. All articles must state in the English language:

a. The name of the association, which must include the word "cooperative"; and the address of its principal office.

b. The purposes for which it is formed, and a statement that it is organized under this act.

c. Its duration, which may be perpetual.

- d. The name, occupation and post-office address of each incorporator.
- e. The number of directors, their qualifications and terms of office and how they shall be chosen and removed.
- f. Who are eligible for membership, how members shall be admitted and membership lost, how earnings shall be distributed among members, how assets shall be distributed in liquidation, and, in addition, either:
- 1. That the association shall have capital stock; the classes, par value and authorized number of shares of each class thereof; how shares shall be issued and paid for; and what rights, limitations, conditions and restrictions pertain to the stock, which shall be alike as to all stock of the same class; or
- 2. That the association shall have no capital stock, and what limitations, conditions, restrictions and rights pertain to membership; and if the rights are unequal, the rules respecting them shall be specifically stated.
  - g. The date of the first regular meeting of members.
- SEC. 41. Amendments. Articles may be amended at any meeting called for that purpose, an exact copy of the proposed amendment having been first mailed to each member ten days prior to such meeting, by an affirmative vote of three fourths of all votes cast, providing that at least twenty-five (25) per cent of all members vote thereon.

Amendments, signed and acknowledged by officers designated for such purpose, shall be filed and recorded as provided in section forty-four (44).

SEC. 42. Renewal. An association may extend its duration perpetually, or for any definite time, by resolution adopted by a majority of all its members, or any different vote for which the articles may provide, at a meeting called for that purpose and held before its original expiration.

Unless the association has meanwhile wound up, its duration may be extended in like manner within three years after its original expiration, with the same effect as if done prior thereto, by a vote of two thirds of all its members.

The resolution must state the name of the association, its original expiration date, and for how long thereafter its duration is extended, and must also adopt, and designate officers to execute, renewal articles of incorporation containing the things required in section forty (40).

The renewal articles shall be signed, filed and recorded as required by section forty-one (41) hereof. Renewal shall not relieve the association from fees, charges or penalties which may have accrued against it.

SEC. 43. Existing corporations adopting this act.

a. Any existing Iowa cooperative corporation may, by a majority vote of all its members, at a meeting called for that purpose and held before its present articles expire, amend its articles so as to comply with this act and section forty (40), which may extend its corporate duration. Such amended articles, signed and acknowledged by officers designated for that purpose, shall be filed and recorded, and a certificate of incorporation issued, as required by section forty-four (44) hereof, whereupon such corporation shall be deemed an association under this act.

b. Any such existing corporation whose present articles have now expired, or will expire before January 1, 1938, may adopt this act as above provided at any time before that date, with the same effect as though done before such articles expired.

c. If any shareholder or member of such corporation vote against such amendment, those voting for it shall purchase his stock or interest at its real value, within two years from the date of such vote, paying interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent until paid. The association may retire the stock or interest thus purchased.

d. If any shareholder or member of such corporation shall not be eligible to continue membership under such amendment, the association shall within two years after the amendment is filed purchase and retire his stock or membership for its real value.

e. It shall be presumed that the real value of such stock or interest is its proportionate share of the corporate assets at book value less liabilities as shown by its books.

SEC. 44. Filing, recording, certificate of incorporation. Articles, amendments, and renewals shall be filed with and approved and recorded by the secretary of state; and recorded in the county where the association has its principal place of business, as required by the general corporation laws.

Upon approving the articles, the secretary of state shall issue a certificate of incorporation, whereupon corporate existence shall begin.

- SEC. 45. Fees. The following fees shall be paid to the secretary of
- a. Upon filing articles of incorporation or renewals thereof, ten (10) dollars for authorized capital stock up to twenty-five thousand (25,000) dollars, and one (1) dollar per one thousand (1,000) dollars or fraction in excess thereof; or ten (10) dollars if there be no capital stock.
- b. Upon filing amendments, one (1) dollar, and if authorized capital stock is increased to an amount exceeding twenty-five thousand (25,000) dollars, an additional fee of one (1) dollar per thousand (1,000) dollars or fraction of such excess.
- c. Upon filing all articles, renewals, or amendments, a recording fee of ten (10) cents per one hundred (100) words, but not less than fifty (50) cents.
- d. An annual license fee of one (1) dollar shall be paid by each domestic or foreign association on or before the first day of April in each year, with its annual report.
- SEC. 46. By-laws. Unless the articles otherwise provide, the directors may adopt by-laws for the association, which shall remain in force until altered by a vote of a majority of the members, or such larger vote as may be fixed by its articles. By-laws shall be kept by the secretary subject to inspection by any member at any time. By-laws may deal with the fiscal or internal affairs of the association or any subject of this act in any manner not inconsistent with this act or the articles.
- SEC. 47. Dissolution. a. An association whose duration has expired, or which is sooner dissolved by voluntary act of its members, shall continue to exist for the purpose of winding up its affairs until its complete liquidation under clause c hereof.

b. An association may be dissolved by two thirds of all votes cast at any meeting called for that purpose at which a majority of all voting members vote.

- c. Upon the expiration or voluntary dissolution of an association, the members shall designate three of their number as trustees to replace the officers and directors and wind up its affairs. Such trustees shall thereupon have all the powers of the board, including the power to sell and convey all real or personal property and execute conveyances thereof. Within the time fixed in their designation, or any extension thereof, they shall liquidate its assets, pay its debts and expenses, and distribute any remaining funds among the members, and thereupon the association shall stand dissolved and cease to exist. The trustees shall make, sign, and acknowledge a duplicate report of such dissolution, filing one with the secretary of state and one with the recorder of the county where the articles were recorded.
- d. The trustees and their successors in office shall be chosen, and the time for their action fixed and extended, by a majority of all votes cast at any meeting called for such purpose.
- SEC. 48. Distribution in liquidation. On dissolution or liquidation, the assets of the association shall first pay liquidation expenses, next its obligations other than patronage dividends or certificates issued therefor; and the remainder shall be distributed in the following priority:

- a. To pay preferred stock and any dividends accrued thereon.
- b. To pay any deferred patronage dividends or certificates issued therefor. If the fund is insufficient to pay them all, it shall be prorated regardless of the priority specified in sections thirty-three (33) and thirty-five (35).
- c. To pay to members or common stockholders the amounts for which their memberships or shares were originally issued, together with such accrued dividends, if any, as the articles provide.
- with such accrued dividends, if any, as the articles provide.

  d. Any remaining assets shall be distributed among the members at the date of dissolution or liquidation in proportion to their deferred patronage dividends.
  - SEC. 49. Annual reports. Each association shall, before April first of each year, file a report with the secretary of state on forms prescribed by him, to be accompanied by the annual fee required by section forty-five (45) paragraph d. Such report shall be sworn to by an officer of the association, or a receiver or trustee liquidating its affairs, and shall state:
    - a. Its name and address.

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- b. The names, addresses and occupations of its officers and directors.
- c. The number of shares of each class of stock authorized and outstanding and the par value thereof; or, if there be none, the number of members and the amount of membership fees paid in.
  - d. The nature and character of its business.
- e. What percentage of its business was done with or for its own members during the preceding fiscal or calendar year, and what percentage thereof was done with or for each class of non-members specified in section three (3), paragraph c.
- specified in section three (3), paragraph c.

  f. Any other information deemed necessary by the secretary to advise him whether the association is actually functioning as a cooperative.
- SEC. 50. Notice of delinquent reports. Before May fifteenth the secretary shall send to each association failing to report or pay the fee, a registered letter directed to its principal office specified in its articles, stating the delinquency and its consequences.
- SEC. 51. Forfeiture. If an association fails to file such report or pay such fee before July first, its corporate rights shall stand forfeited. The secretary shall notify it thereof by mail, remove its name from his list of live corporations, and notify the attorney general who shall cause its affairs to be wound up.
  - SEC. 52. Reinstatement. If, following such forfeiture, the association shall file the report and pay the annual fee plus a penalty of ten (10) dollars and all actual expenses of any suit begun to wind it up, and shall make a showing of good cause for its delinquency which is satisfactory to the secretary of state and the secretary shall set aside such forfeiture and any such suit shall be dismissed.
  - SEC. 53. Quo warranto. The right of an association to exist or continue under this act may be inquired into by the attorney general, but not otherwise. If from its annual report or otherwise, the secretary of state is informed that it is not functioning as a cooperative,

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- he shall so notify the attorney general, who, if he finds reasonable cause so to believe, shall bring action to oust it and wind up its affairs.
  - SEC. 54. Foreign associations. a. Any foreign corporation now or hereafter organized under generally similar laws of any other state shall be admitted to do business in Iowa upon compliance with the general laws relating to foreign corporations and payment of the fees required by section forty-five (45) of this act. Upon the secretary of state being satisfied that such foreign corporation is so organized and has so complied, he shall issue it a certificate authorizing it to do business in Iowa.
- b. Such foreign associations thus admitted shall be entitled to all 10 remedies provided in this act, and to enforce all contracts theretofore or thereafter made by it which any association might make under 12 this act.
- 13 c. If such foreign corporation amends its articles it shall forthwith 14 file a copy thereof with the secretary of state, certified by the secretary 15 or other proper official of the state under whose laws it is formed, 16 and shall pay the fees prescribed for amendments by section forty-17 five (45).
- SEC. 55. Individual exemptions applicable. All exemptions or privileges applying to agricultural products in the possession or control of the individual producer shall apply to such products in the possession or control of any association which have been delivered to 4 it by its members.
- SEC. 56. Conflicting laws not applicable. Any law conflicting with 1 any part of this act shall be construed as not applicable to associations 3 formed hereunder.
- SEC. 57. Reserved powers. The state reserves the right to modify, 2 amend or repeal this act, or any part hereof, and to cancel, modify, 3 repeal or extend any grant, power, permit or franchise obtained or secured under this act, at any future time.
  - SEC. 58. Limitation of promotion expense. No funds of the association shall be used, nor any of its stock or memberships issued for any promotion expenses, either in the form of commissions, fees, salaries or otherwise.
  - SEC. 59. Exemptions from securities act. None of the exemptions. contained in section eighty-five hundred eighty-one-c four (8581-c4) and eighty-five hundred eighty-one-c five (8581-c5), chapter three hundred ninety-three-C one (393-C1), code of 1931, shall apply to any security issued by any association formed hereunder, when the total amount thereof exceeds twenty-five thousand (25,000) dollars.
  - This section shall not apply to certificates of interest or indebtedness issued to members or patrons for revolving fund deductions or for deferred patronage dividends.
- SEC. 60. Constitutionality, saving clause. The invalidity of any part or clause of this act shall not affect the validity of any other clause or portion thereof which can be given effect without such invalid part.

SEC. 61. The provisions of chapters three hundred eighty-nine

2 (389) and three hundred ninety (390), code, 1931, are hereby declared inoperative as to corporations chartered from and after July 4, 1935,

4 but said chapters three hundred eighty-nine (389) and three hundred 5 ninety (390), code, 1931, shall continue in force and effect as to

5 ninety (390), code, 1931, shall continue in force and effect as to 6 corporations organized or operating thereunder prior to July 4, 1935,

7 so long as any such corporations elect to operate under or renew

8 their charters under said chapters.

Senate File 113. Approved May 3, 1935.

### CHAPTER 95

INVESTMENT OF FUNDS. FRATERNAL BENEFICIARY SOCIETIES
H. F. 111

AN ACT to amend paragraph eight (8) of section eighty-eight hundred twenty-nine (8829), code, 1931, relating to the investment of the funds of fraternal beneficary societies, orders, or associations.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 SECTION 1. Paragraph eight (8) of section eighty-eight hundred
- 2 twenty-nine (8829), code, 1931, is amended by striking out the figures
- 3 "8825" as they appear in line 12 from the bottom of the section, and by
- 4 inserting in lieu of said stricken figures the following figures, to wit: 5 "8830."

House File 111. Approved April 11, 1935.

# CHAPTER 96

INSURANCE OTHER THAN LIFE. CONDITIONS INVALIDATING POLICY S. F. 273

AN ACT to amend section eighty-nine hundred eighty-one (8981) of chapter four hundred four (404), code, 1931, to exempt liens accruing to the benefit of the old age pension fund from the general provisions relating to lien conditions in insurance contracts, other than life, invalidating policies.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- 1 Section 1. Amend section eighty-nine hundred eighty-one (8981)
- 2 of chapter four hundred four (404), code, 1931, by striking line 9 and 3 inserting in lieu thereof the following: "control, except a lien accruing
- 4 to the benefit of the old age pension fund as provided for in sections
- 5 fifteen (15) and sixteen (16) of chapter nineteen (19), acts of the
- 6 Forty-fifth General Assembly in extraordinary session, or."
- 1 SEC. 2. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall be in
- 2 full force and effect from and after its publication in two newspapers
- 3 of general circulation in this state, as provided by law.

Senate File 273. Approved May 3, 1935.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Daily Record, May 13, 1935, and the Des Moines Plain Talk, May 16, 1935, in accordance with section 55, code, 1931.

MRS. ALEX MILLER, Secretary of State.